Specifications and Applications of Poly Lactic Acid (PLA) Resin

Product name: Poly Lactic Acid (PLA) Resin

Product description: Poly Lactic Acid (PLA) is a thermoplastic resin derived from agricultural resources such as tapioca starch. PLA has properties equal to petro based plastics. PLA can be processed on conventional plastic machineries. PLA are available in different grades depending on the process i.e. thermoforming, injection molding, blown film, injection stretch blow molding (isbm), continuous yarn and fiber.

PLA can be specially compounded for specific application.

Non-GMO and Non Food Competition: PLA from tapioca starch, which is made from cassava roots, is non-GMO material. Tapioca starch is used mainly in textile and paper industries.

Therefore, it is not a food competition material.

Environmental friendly: PLA being produced from agricultural resources is biobased and biodegradable by nature: After disposal of PLA in compostable environment, bacteria in soil will compost and consume the polymer of lactic acid as nutrient. The remains are carbon dioxide, water and soil nutrients.

Food safety: PLA meet requirements for use as food containers. It contains no heavy metals or substances harmful to health. PLA comply to food migration standards.

Storage information: PLA should be stored in dry condition. Avoid high humidity, rain and/or damp area. Storage at normal room temperature is suitable. Avoid storing at temperature over 45C or sub zero. Avoid contact with chemicals or hazardous substances.

Safety and handling information: PLA is non-toxic. It can be handled as any normal material. Safety protection should be used when handling molten PLA.

Fire and explosion hazards: PLA can burn just like any petro based plastics. All precautions used in handling petro based plastics are applicable to PLA.

Waste disposal: PLA can be disposed in the same manner as petro based plastics. However, due to its biodegradability nature which is an environmental advantage, it's recommended to separate PLA from other plastics. The waste disposal of PLA is by composting method from which turn PLA into carbon dioxide, water and nutrients.

Other informations: Please refer to Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)

Grade: L100H - GBP20 for thermoforming

Applications: This is a general purpose grade for thermoforming process.

Among some applications are:

Food containers, one time servicewares, refreshment cups, agricultural seedling trays, transport trays, etc.

It's possible to develop OEM compound for specific application. In such case, the technical specifications may be different from the general purpose resin.

Technical specifications:

Physical properties	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Value</u>	Test method
Appearance – pellets	mesh	av. 35	seiving
Density	g/cm3	1.25 +/05	ASTM D792
Melt Index g/10 min, 190C	/2.16 kg	2-10	ASTM D1238
Melting point	С	170-180	
Glass transition temperature	С	60-63	
Mechanical properties			
Tensile strength	MPa	> 50	ASTM D882
Elongation at break	100 %	> 3.0	ASTM D882
Impact strength	Kj/m2, I	zod 3-5	

Processing information

PLA can be processed on petro based plastics extrusion machines.

Resins may require pre-drying before being extruded.

Guideline for extruder settings are:

Melt temperature 210 C

Feed temperature 180 C

Compression section 190 C

Die temperature 190 C

Screw speed 20-100 rpm

Grade: L99L - GBP30 for injection molding

Applications: This is a general purpose grade for injection molding applications.

Among some of the applications are cutleries, airline drink cups, telephone frames, furniture parts, automotive parts.

It's possible to develop OEM compound for specific application. In such case, the technical specifications may be different from the general purpose resin.

Technical specifications:

	Physical properties	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Value</u>	Test method
	Appearance-pellets	mesh	av. 35	seiving
Density		g/cm3	1.25 +/- 0.	05 ASTM D792
	Melt Index g/10 min, 1900	C/2.16 kg.	20-40	ASTM D1238
	Melting temperature	С	170-180	
	Glass transition temperature	С	60-63	
	Mechanical properties			
	Tensile strength	MPa	> 60	ASTM D638
	Elongation at break	100 %	> 3.0	ASTM D638
	Impact strength	Kj/m2,lzod	d 3-5	

Processing information:

PLA can be processed on petro based plastics injection machines.

Resins may require pre-drying before injection molding operation.

Guidelines for injection molding machine settings are:

Melt temperature 200 C

Feed temperature 165 C

Compression section 195 C

Nozzle 205 C

Mold 25 C

Screw speed 100-175 rpm

Grade: L97H - GBP40 for blown films, cast films

Applications: This is the general purpose grade for film blowing and film casting. Among some applications are:

Bags, garbage bags, mulch films, seedling bags, labels, wrappers, etc.

A special compound resin can be developed for Biaxially Oriented PLA (BOPLA).

BOPLA can replace BOPET or BOPP in applications like candy wrappers, medicine pouches, flower wrappers, etc. BOPLA's biodegradability make it environmental friendly when disposed. Technical specifications for BOPLA are different from general purpose resin. BOPLA films are printable and suitable for twist wrap.

Technical specifications:

Physical prope	<u>erties</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Valu</u>	<u>ie</u>	Test m	<u>ethod</u>	
Appearance – _I	pellets	mesh	av. 3	5	seiving	9	
Density		g/cm3	1.25 +	-/ - .05	ASTM	D792	
Melt index	g/10 min,190C/2	.16 kg.	2-10		ASTM	D1238	
Melting tempera	ature	С	170-	180			
Glass transition	temperature	С	60-6	3 3			
Mechanical pro	<u>operties</u>						
Tensile strength	h	MPa	> 6	0	ASTM E	0882	
Elongation at b	reak	100 %	> 1	.8	ASTM D	882	

Processing information:

PLA can be processed on petro based plastics blown film and cast film machines. Resins may require pre-drying before blown film operation.

Guidelines for blown film machine settings:

Melt temperature 210 C

Feed temperature 180 C

Compression section 190 C

Nozzle 200 C

Screw speed 20-100 rpm

Grade: L98H – GBP60 for continuous yarn and fabric.

Applications: This grade is for general purpose continuous yarn making machine as well as spundbound and melt blow filament machines.

Example of products are textiles, automotive seat covers, soft cushion fillings, nonwoven fabrics.

Technical specifications:

Physical properties	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Lest method</u>
Appearance – pellets	mesh	av. 35	seiving
Density	g/cm3 1	.25 +/05	ASTM D792
Melt index g/10 min,190	C/2.16 kg.	4-8	ASTM D1238
Melting temperature	С	160-175	
Glass transition temperature	С	60-63	
Mechanical properties			
Elongation at break	100 %	> 0.5	

Processing information:

PLA can be processed on machines used for extrusion spinning and drawing of petro based plastics. Resins pre-drying is necessary before extrusion spinning and drawing operation.

Grade: L96H - GBP70 for Injection Stretch Blow Molded (ISBM) bottles.

Applications: This grade is for general purpose injection stretch blow molding bottle process. Example products are drink bottles, edible oil bottles, cosmetic and shampoo bottles, agro chemicals bottles, etc. These PLA bottles replace petro based plastics bottles such as PVC, PP, PET. But, after disposal PLA bottles are biodegradable.

Technical specifications:

Physical prop	<u>perties</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Value</u>	Test method
Appearance-p	ellets	mesh	av. 35	seiving
Density		g/cm3	1.25 +/- 0.5	SASTM D792
Melt index	g/10 min,190C/	2.16 kg.	4-8	ASTM D1238
Melting temper	ature	С	145-160	
Glass transition	temperature	С	60-63	

Processing information:

PLA can be processed on normal ISBM bottle machines. Normal ISBM bottle machine would require preforms made by injection molding process. In this case, the injection molding machine that have screw design for PET will be suitable.

Guidelines for ISBM bottle machine settings:

Temperature for preforms heating 80-100 C

Mold temperature 20-40 C

Grade: sc-PLA - GBP100 or Stereo Complex Poly Lactic Acid (sc-PLA)

Applications: This is the special grade of PLA which is produced from compounding of L-PLA and D-PLA in stereo complex manner. The resultant product is sc-PLA which has special properties of higher heat resistance than L-PLA. sc-PLA or also known as high heat PLA can resist high temperature up to 220-240 C. It's used for making products that has to withstand high heat such as automotive spareparts, ironing fabrics, etc.

Technical specifications:

Physical prop	<u>perties</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Value</u>	Test method
Appearance -	- pellets	mesh	av. 35	seiving
Density		g/cm3	1.25 +/05	ASTM D792
Melt index	g/10 min,190C/2	.16 kg.	2-10	ASTM D1238
Melting tempe	rature	С	>220	
Glass transition	n temperature	С	60-63	

Mechanical properties

Depending on applications and processing

Processing information:

sc-PLA can be processed by thermoforming, injection molding, film blowing, yarn and filament spinning and ISBM similar to normal PLA. The different is that sc-PLA has higher heat resistance than normal PLA.